**Warm-up:**

* Answers will vary

**Lesson:**

**WORKSHEET**

NOTES:

The advanced work requires a DEFINITION, EXAMPLE, ANTONYM, and IMAGE.

The grade level work does not include the ANTONYM category.

The foundations work does not include the EXAMPLE or the ANTONYM categories.

The ANTONYM and IMAGE required on the advanced work will vary. As such, those options are not included here. The EXAMPLE may vary in its wording.

The definition included here is the answer from the foundations work. Examples are taken from the readings on the slideshow.

* Era
	+ Definition: A period of time with specific characteristics.
	+ Example: The Age of Contact is an ***era*** of historical changes brought about primarily because of European exploration and contact between European explorers and American Indians.
* Exploration
	+ Definition: Traveling to discover new things
	+ Example: Spanish ***exploration*** was driven by the desire to spread their religion, bring glory to their country, and most of all, to gain wealth and resources from the new lands they ***explored***
* Expedition
	+ Definition: Traveling with a purpose like research or exploration.
	+ Example: The Spanish carried out **expeditions** in the Americas in search of gold.
* Columbian Exchange
* Definition: Trade between the Americas and Europe of new plants, animals, and diseases.
	+ Example: In this case, the definition and example are the same.
* Conquistador
	+ Definition: A Spanish explorer and conqueror.
	+ Example: **Conquistadors** conquered Indigenous American groups like the Aztecs and Incas.
* Colonization
	+ Definition: To claim land, resources, and people in for your own country.
	+ Example: Spain **colonized** the Americas
* Viceroy
	+ Definition: The governor of Spain’s colonies appointed by the king.
	+ Example: Spanish ***viceroys*** had many responsibilities while governing their colonies. They collected taxes, enforced laws, and were in charge of converting the American Indians to the Spanish religion – Catholicism.
* Plantation
	+ Definition: large farm which grows one or two very profitable cash crops.
	+ Example: Spain established **plantations** in the Americas on which they used American Indian slave labor.

**QUIZ**

Part I: Matching

1. C
2. E
3. A
4. G
5. F
6. B
7. D
8. H

PART II: Fill in the Blank

1. Conquistadors
2. Viceroy
3. Era
4. Explorers
5. Expeditions
6. Colonized
7. Columbian Exchange

PART III: Short, Constructed Response (Advanced and Grade Level only)

1. Answers may include: The era of Spanish Exploration is characterized by European exploration and colonization of the Americas which had significant effects on the Americas like the exchange of goods like food, livestock, and diseases.

Advanced Only:

1. Answers may include information about God, Gold, and Glory.
2. Answers may include positives like establishing trade between the Americas and Europe which brought new plants, animals, and food around the world. Negatives include the destruction of the Indigenous people through violence and disease.
3. Answers may include Spain’s conquering of Indigenous people like the Aztecs and Incas and taking their gold and wealth, and establishing plantations to grow cash crops using enslaved Indigenous laborers.

**Exit Ticket:**

Answers least related to our unit are crossed out.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ~~Agriculture~~ | ~~England~~ | Spain | Exploring |
| ~~Peace treaties~~ | Trade | ~~Revolution~~ | ~~Alliances~~ |
| Gold and Silver | Claiming land | Disease | Colonizing |
| ~~Businessmen~~ | Wealth | ~~Textiles~~ | Profits |