**Texas & the Civil War *Foundations***

*Unit 8: Civil War*

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| Name: |  | Date: |  | Period: |  |

***Directions***: Use the information provided in the readings to complete your work.

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| Station 1: **Civil War Battles in Texas** |

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|  | Battle of Galveston | Battle of Sabine Pass | Battle of Palmito Ranch |
| When  *(Highlight* ***ONE****)* | 10/ 4 /1862  1 / 1/ 1863 | 9 / 8 / 1863  7 / 8 / 1863 | 9 / 4 / 1865  4 / 9 /1865 |
| Highlight **THREE** significant facts about each battle | The Confederates blockaded Southern states.  Union blockade troops attacked and occupied Galveston.  Confederate troops under Magruder recaptured Galveston.  Massive casualties were suffered on both sides.  Confederates held Galveston for the rest of the Civil War. | Union troops and gunboats attempted to invade Texas.  Union troops captured Fort Griffin on the Sabine River.  Confederates retreated up river after losing the fort.  Confederates stopped Union ships from advancing up river.  Confederates captured Union ships and hundreds of POWs. | Union General Lee surrendered at Palmito Ranch.  The Battle of Palmito Ranch was the 1st battle of the Civil War.  Union troops attempted to occupy Brownsville.  Some Confederates went home, others stayed and defended Brownsville.  Confederates won the battle, but the war was already over. |
| Outcome & Significance | **Who won?**  Confederates / Union | **Who won?**  Confederates / Union | **Who won?**  Confederates / Union |

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| Station 2: **Texans on the Homefront** |

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| **Camp Ford** |

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| What was Camp Ford?   1. A military fort 2. A POW camp 3. A plantation 4. A naval base | Where was Camp Ford?   1. Gainesville 2. Austin 3. Houston 4. Tyler | Significance of Camp Ford?   1. Largest military base in Texas 2. Biggest sea battle in Texas 3. Largest POW camp in the west 4. Deadliest defeat for Texans |

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| **Refugees** |

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| What does “refugee” mean?   1. A person escaping hardship 2. A person drafted into an army during war 3. A person escaping slavery 4. A person escaping military service | Significance of Refugees in Texas during the Civil War   1. Refugees fleeing Texas decreased the working population of the states. 2. Refugees seeking shelter in Texas increased the White and enslaved population of Texas. 3. Refugees seeking shelter in Mexico took part in the successful Rio Grande trade. 4. Refugees drafted into the military often opposed secession and joined the Union. |

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| **Texas Unionists** |

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| What did “Unionists” believe?  *(Highlight ONE correct answer)*  Unionists supported the ***North / South*** during the war. | Were most Texas Unionists or Secessionists?  *(Highlight ONE correct answer)*  Most Texans were ***Unionists*** / ***Secessionists.*** |
| What was the “Nueces Massacre?”  *(Highlight THREE true statements)*  German Secessionists fled Texas to join the war for the Confederacy.  German Unionists attempted to flee to Mexico to leave Confederate Texas.  German Unionists attacked significant Confederate military posts.  Confederates attacked German Unionists who were attempting to leave the state.  Confederates killed most of the German Unionists at the massacre. | What was the “Great Hanging at Gainesville?”  *(Highlight THREE true statements)*  Unionists in North Texas formed a Peace Party to oppose the war.  Confederates opposed the North Texas Unionists and accused them of rebellion.  North Texas Unionists were accused and executed by hanging in unofficial trials.  North Texas Unionists were afraid for their lives and fled Texas into Oklahoma.  Confederates killed a total of 46 Unionists in Gainesville. |

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| Station 3: **Texas’ Economic Advantages during the War** |

1. How was Texas’ war-time experience different from most other Southern states during the Civil War?

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| Texas’ war-time experience was different from most other Southern states during the Civil War because (A) the majority of battles took place in Texas (B) the majority of battles took place far from Texas (C) Texas remained neutral during the war. |

1. Explain THREE economic advantages Texas had due to its unique experience during the Civil War. Choose THREE correct statements.
   1. Texans were able to continue growing important crops like cotton and corn.
   2. Texans got around the Union blockade by moving goods through Mexico.
   3. Southern refugees came to Texas, bringing their slaves with them.
   4. Most Texas soldiers were ordered to the front lines in the Eastern Theater.
   5. Most Texans were Unionists who opposed secession and the Civil War.

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| Station 4: **Texans at War** |

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|  | Terry’s Texas Rangers | Hood’s Texas Brigade |
| Important People  *(Highlight all that apply)* | Benjamin Franklin Terry  John Bell Hood  Louis T. Wigfall | Benjamin Franklin Terry  John Bell Hood  Louis T. Wigfall |
| Primary Theater of War  *(Highlight one)*  & Significant Battles  *(Highlight TWO)* | Eastern Theater / Western Theater  Battle of Shiloh  Battle of Murfreesboro  Battle of Fredericksburg | Eastern Theater / Western Theater  Battle of Antietam  Battle of Chickamauga  Battle of Gettysburg |
| Significance | Terry’s Texas Rangers was significant because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Hood’s Texas Brigade was significant because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |