**Vocabulary Quiz *Foundations***

*Unit 8: Civil War*

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| Name: |  | Date: |  | Period: |  |

**Part I: Matching**

***Directions***: Match the vocabulary term with its correct definition

1. Secede
2. The Confederacy
3. The Union

**E**

1. Theater
2. Blockade
3. Emancipation

**F**

1. Casualties
2. To officially separate from a country
3. The Northern and Western states that stayed in the U.S. during the Civil War.
4. The Southern states that seceded from the U.S. during the Civil War
5. To prevent goods from entering or exiting enemy ports during a war.
6. An area or zone in which fighting takes place during a war.
7. The number of killed, wounded, or captured in a battle or war.
8. Freedom, the act of being freed from slavery.

**Part II: Fill in the Blank**

***Directions****:* Use the vocabulary terms from the matching above to fill in the blanks in the sentences below. Use the word bank for assistance.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Secede | Confederacy | Union | Theater |

eater

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Blockade | Emancipation | Casualties |

1. Most battles during the Civil War took place in eastern states like Virginia, however most Texans who served in the war were in the western **(A)** *Union* **(B)** *Confederacy* **(C)** *theater* in places like Tennessee and Kentucky.
2. One of the most significant results of the Civil War was the **(A)** *casualties* **(B)** *blockade* **(C)** *emancipation* of the enslaved people,
3. The Union placed ships at significant Southern ports in order to prevent Confederate trade by sea, however Texans were able to get around the Union’s **(A)** *blockade* **(B)** *secession* **(C)** *Confederacy* by shipping their goods through Mexican ports.
4. South Carolina was the first of eleven Southern states that decided to **(A)** *blockade*  **(B)** *secede* **(C)** *Union*from the United States after the election of a Northern, anti-slavery president named Abraham Lincoln.
5. The Civil War was the deadliest war in U.S. history, with more **(A)** *theaters*  **(B)** *casualties* **(C)** *secessions*than all other wars that America has participated in combined.
6. Northern states like New York and Massachusetts, and Western states like California, were known as the **(A)** *Confederacy* **(B)** *Union* **(C)** *emancipation* during the war because they remained in the United States.
7. Southern states like Mississippi, South Carolina, and Texas were known as the **(A)**  *Confederacy* **(B)** *Union* **(C)** *secede* during the Civil War, because they formed a partnership of slave-holding states joined together in the war.

**Part III: Comprehension Questions**

This question has two parts.

Read the primary source excerpt and answer the questions that follow.

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| --- |
| “We, the People of the State of Texas, by Delegates in **Convention** assembled, do declare and ordain, that the Ordinance adopted by our Convention of Delegates, on the Fourth day of July, A.D. 1845, and afterwards ratified by us, under which the **Republic of Texas** was admitted into Union with other States and became a party to the compact styled "**The Constitution of the United States of America**" be, and is hereby **repealed** and **annulled**; That all the powers, which by said compact were delegated by Texas to the Federal Government, are **revoked** and **resumed**; That Texas is of right **absolved** from all restraints and obligations incurred by said compact, and is a **separate Sovereign State**, and that her citizens and people are **absolved** from all allegiance to the United States, or the Government thereof.”   * An Ordinance: To dissolve the union between the State of Texas and the other States, united under the compact styled "The Constitution of the United States of America." Adopted in Convention, at Austin City, the first day of February, A.D. 1861. | Texas State Library and Archives Commission |

1. **Part One**: What is the theme or main topic of this primary source material?
   1. ~~The Union’s tactic of establishing a naval blockade of Southern ports.~~
   2. Abraham Lincoln’s act of freeing the slaves in rebelling states as part of the Emancipation Proclamation.
   3. The high casualty rate that prevailed throughout the Civil War, leading to the country’s massive loss of life.
   4. The decision of the Texas government to officially secede from the United States.
2. **Part Two:** Which phrase or statement from the excerpt supports your answer to the previous question?
   1. ~~“do declare and ordain, that the Ordinance adopted by our Convention of Delegates, on the Fourth day of July, A.D. 1845”~~
   2. “under which the Republic of Texas was admitted into Union with other States”
   3. “That Texas is of right absolved from all restraints and obligations incurred by said compact, and is a separate Sovereign State”
   4. “and became a party to the compact styled "The Constitution of the United States of America"