**The U.S.-Mexico War *Advanced***

*Unit 7: Early Statehood*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Name: |  | Date: |  | Period: |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **James Polk** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A photograph portrait of James K. Polk |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **The U.S.-Mexico War** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| The Causes of the U.S.-Mexico War  A map of the political boundaries of North America in 1846. The United States territory includes the original borders of Texas. The Republic of Mexico extends north into modern-day California. The majority of the territory of modern-day Texas is shaded and marked "disputed territory" |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Notable Battles  A map of the procession of battles in northern Mexico as the American troops marched south toward Mexico City. The map shows the location of battles at Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma along the Rio Grande, as well as battles in Monterrey and Buena Vista. This map zooms in on the area of the battles. It also shows the movement of U.S. troops after they landed in Veracruz and made their way to take Mexico City. |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| The Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo  February 1848  A map of the political borders of North America after the Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo showing the Mexican Cession including all the territory from Texas west to California now belonging to the U.S. |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Texas & the U.S.-Mexico War  **A photograph of John Coffee Hays seated in a chair.** |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Significance of the U.S.-Mexico War  A map of the political borders of the U.S. in 1848 after the U.S. - Mexico War. The U.S. extended fully to the west coast with all lands west of Texas as far north as modern-day California labeled "California." The western border of Texas extends into present-day New Mexico and a small portion extends as far north as present-day Nebraska. |  |