

Vocabulary Quiz Foundations

Unit 1: Natural Texas and Its People

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Name:		Γ	Date:		Period:	
Part I: Matching Directions: Match the vocabulary term with its correct definition						
1.	Significant	A.	Natur	al characteristi	cs of the	
2.	Indigenous		earth'	arth's surface.		
3.	Region	B.		al items produced by the that people use.		
4.	Physical Geographic Features	C.	Impor	tant		
5.	Agriculture	D.	Things that comprise people's lifestyle, beliefs, and interests. Cultivating crops, or farming. Staying in one place.			
6.	Natural Resources	E.				
7.	Culture	F.				
8.	Nomadic	G.	Origin	al to a specific	location.	
9.	Sedentary	H.	Movin	om place t	0	
		I.	A larg	e area of land v	with simila	r
			enviro	nmental featu	res	





Part II: Fill in the Blank

Directions: Complete each statement below by circling the correct answer from the options provided.

- 10. American Indian tribes who hunted animals like bison and deer were typically (A) sedentary (B) nomadic (C) Indigenous because they needed to follow their food source.
- 11. Texas is full of a rich variety of **(A) agriculture (B) regions (C) geographic landforms** like the Chisos Mountains, the Piney Woods Forest, and the Great Plains.
- 12. Evidence of early American Indian **(A) culture (B) agriculture (C) Indigenous** includes artifacts like beaded necklaces and clay pottery.
- 13. American Indian tribes who took part in (A) nomadic (B) culture (C) agriculture often cultivated corn, beans, and squash, which were known as "the three sisters."
- 14. Texas has four primary **(A) geographic landforms (B) regions (C) significant** which each contain their own distinct climate, geography, and natural resources.
- 15. The geography, climate, and environment of Texas played a (A) significant (B) Indigenous (C) nomadic role in the lives of early Texas people, who depended entirely on the land for survival.
- 16. Texas has many **(A) agriculture (B) Indigenous (C) sedentary** plants like the bluebonnet flower and the mesquite tree, both of which are native to the area.
- 17. American Indians who primarily cultivated crops for their food source tended to be **(A) sedentary (B) nomadic (C) culture** because they needed to stay in one location to cultivate their crops.

