**How do we know what we know? *Foundations***

*Unit 5: The Texas Revolution*

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**Primary Source #1: The Arrest of Lorenzo de Zavala**

In August of 1835, two months before the Battle of Gonzales, Santa Anna’s centralist troops in Texas set out to arrest Lorenzo de Zavala. Zavala had worked in the federalist government but resigned when Santa Anna and the centralists took control. After his resignation, he moved to Texas.

The excerpt below was written by an Anglo colonist named John W. Smith. Smith translated General Cos’ arrest warrant. In this portion of the excerpt, Smith is giving his own opinion about the order for arrest.

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| “[Zavala] wrote a very spirited letter to the **Dictator**, in which he told him that “formerly he had owed his success in arms to the justice of his cause, but now his cause was a bad one, **liberal principles** would put him down.”  This is the only charge which they can prefer against [Zavala], is this sufficient to cause the march of **cavalry** to his arrest? No, it is not for that purpose they intend to come, it is for the purpose of **subjecting** us to the new form of government, we have only to look at the **intrigues** which were used to **subdue** Zacatecas, to convince us that we have nothing to expect from them. Let Texas be united and take a firm stand and she has nothing to fear. | **Dictator:** An all-powerful leader.  **Liberal principles:** Ideas like federalism and individual rights  **Cavalry:** A branch of military on horseback.  **Subjecting:** Forcing people to experience something  **Intrigues:** Secret and/or negative actions  **Subdue:** To put down or control |

1. What does the author think about the arrest order for Lorenzo de Zavala? Highlight or circle evidence in the passage that supports your claim.

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| According to the excerpt, the author thinks that **(A)** Zavala is guilty and should be imprisoned for his crime. **(B)** Zavala is innocent, and the centralists just want an excuse to enforce centralist law in Texas **(C)** Zavala is guilty, but the author supports him because he stood up against the centralists in power. |

**Primary Source #2: Sam Houston’s Army Orders**

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| Army Orders  Convention Hall, Washington, March 2, 1836  War is raging on the frontiers. **Bejar** is **besieged** by two thousand of the enemy, under the command of general [Joaquín Ramírez y Sesma]. **Reinforcements** are on their march, to unite with the **besieged** army.  By the last report, our force in Bejar was only one hundred and fifty men strong. The citizens of Texas must **rally to the aid** **of** our army, or it will **perish**… Independence is declared, it must be maintained. Immediate action, united with **valor**, alone can achieve the great work...  SAM HOUSTON, Commander-In-Chief of the Army.  P. S. It is rumored that the enemy are on their march to Gonzales, and that they have entered the colonies. The fate of Bejar is unknown. The country must and shall be defended. The patriots of Texas are **appealed** to, in behalf of their bleeding country. S. H.  - Transcript of army orders made by Sam Houston, March 2, 1836  The Portal to Texas History | **Bejar**: San Antonio de Bexar  **Besieged:** Under siege – totally surrounded by the enemy  **Reinforcements:** Additional back-up soldiers  **Rally to the aid of:** Come help  **Perish:** Be destroyed or die  **Valor**: Courage  **Appeal:** an urgent or serious request |

1. Describe one thing we can learn about the war in Texas based on this excerpt.

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| One thing we can learn about the war in Texas based on the excerpt is **(A)** the Texas forces who support federalism are winning and the war will be over soon. **(B)** The centralist troops haven’t arrived in Texas yes, so the Texas troops are doing everything they can to prepare. **(C)** The war is in progress and the Texas troops need a lot of help if they are going to defeat the centralists. |

1. Which quote from the excerpt demonstrates the author’s support of the war?
   1. “War is raging on the frontiers. Bejar is besieged by two thousand of the enemy”
   2. ~~“By the last report, our force in Bejar was only one hundred and fifty men strong.”~~
   3. “The citizens of Texas must rally to the aid of our army, or it will perish**”**
   4. “It is rumored that the enemy are on their march to Gonzales, and that they have entered the colonies.”

**Primary Source #3: “A Lady of Texas”**

The following excerpt is from an article in the *Telegraph and Texas Register* from February 27, 1836. It was submitted anonymously by a Texas woman who referred to herself simply as “A Lady of Texas.”

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| “…at this important **crisis**, the ladies of Texas can **render** some service to their threatened country, by making up clothing for her army… I am sure there can, in this way, be clothes made for a thousand men, which, at the lowest prices, would save the state several thousand dollars... During the last **war between the** **United States and Great Britain**, when the **venerable** Shelby was governor of Kentucky, the ladies of that state supplied the Kentucky troops with clothing which did not cost the government one cent. And why cannot the ladies of Texas do the same? Have we not as much patriotism as our mothers and grandmothers?”   * Telegraph and Texas Register, Saturday, February 27, 1836   The Portal to Texas History | **Crisis:** A time of great difficulty, trouble, or danger  **Render**: Give or provide  **War between the United States and Great Britain:** The American Revolution  **Venerable:** Respectable |

1. Based on the primary source passage, which statement about the Texas Revolution is true?
   1. Only soldiers in the military took part in and were affected by the war.
   2. Civilians like women and families took part in the war in their own way.
   3. Most people in Texas were not affected by the war.
   4. ~~Texans took part in the war against Mexico and the war against Britain.~~
2. What is one thing you can infer or observe about the era from this excerpt?

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| One thing I observe or infer about the era based on this excerpt is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |