

Who Was Susanna Dickinson? *Video*

Unit 5: The Texas Revolution

Name: Date: Period:

Video Vocabulary

Directions: Before you begin the video, read the terms below to familiarize yourself with the new vocabulary introduced in this video.

Term	Definition
Hamlet (<i>n</i>)	A small village town
Frontier (<i>n</i>)	An area far from other settled land, often considered a wilderness.
To her own devices	Without help or guidance from anyone
Fortifications (<i>n</i>)	Structures or things meant to strengthen a place against attacks
Combatants (<i>n</i>)	People fighting in a battle (non-combatants: people who are NOT fighting)
No Quarter	A phrase showing that enemies in a war or battle will not be shown mercy, even if they surrender.

Before you watch...

Before you watch the video, complete the following **True** or **False** activity below. Answer to the best of your ability based on your previous knowledge or your best educated guess. After your watch the video, return to this chart to answer the "After your watch" column. Compare your answers. Were your first answers correct? What was different?

Before you watch	After you watch	Statement
T / F	T / F	1. Susanna and her husband settled in Gonzales, TX and lived there during the Battle of Gonzales.
T / F	T / F	2. During the Revolution, Susanna took her infant daughter to San Antonio believing they would be safe there with her husband.
T / F	T / F	3. Susanna was the only non-combatant at the Alamo.
T / F	T / F	4. Santa Anna forced Susanna to give up her daughter and flee to the United States after the Alamo.

- ___ 1) Susanna and her husband settled in the colony of which Anglo empresario in the 1820s when they moved to Texas?
- Green DeWitt
 - Haden Edwards
 - Stephen F. Austin
 - Martín de León
- ___ 2) Why did Susanna take her daughter to San Antonio after the Battle of Gonzales?
- Her husband went with the Texas volunteers to take San Antonio after the Battle of Gonzales
 - She was left alone in Gonzales with her daughter Angelina.
 - She felt unsafe after her home was raided by Anglo volunteers.
 - All Answers are correct.
- ___ 3) What statement is true about Santa Anna's encounter with Susanna after the Battle of the Alamo?
- Santa Anna forcibly detained Susanna for days, questioning her for information about Sam Houston's army.
 - Santa Anna took Angelina from Susanna and raised her in luxury in Mexico City after the war.
 - Santa Anna executed all of the non-combatants like Susanna and Juana Navarro after the Battle of the Alamo.
 - Santa Anna interviewed Susanna and sent her to deliver a message to the rest of Texas.
- 4) What did Santa Anna want Susanna to tell other Texans about the Alamo and his strategy for dealing with rebels in the Texas Revolution?