The length of a term of office for members of the Texas House of Representatives is two years.

The Texas Legislature has the sole power of impeachment (removing someone from office.)

The length of the term of office for the judges of the higher level state courts is six years.

The Texas Legislature is responsible for maintaining a balanced state budget.

If the governor vetoes a bill, the Legislature can override the veto with two-thirds vote.

People elected to the Texas House of Representatives must be at least 21 years old.
The **Legislative Branch**

The Texas Legislature has the power to propose amendments to the Constitution of Texas.

The **Legislative Branch**

The length of the term of office for members of the Texas Senate is four years.

The **Legislative Branch**

The Texas Legislature has the power to make laws.

The **Legislative Branch**

The Texas Legislature has the power to propose a law to raise revenue (a tax law).

The **Legislative Branch**

Thirty-one senators serve in the Texas Senate.

The **Legislative Branch**

One must be at least 26 years old to be elected to the Texas Senate.

The **Executive Branch**

The Governor has the power to call special sessions of the legislature for emergency state business.

The **Executive Branch**

The Governor has the power to declare martial law in case of a state emergency.

The **Executive Branch**

The length of term for the governor of Texas is four years.
The Executive Branch

The Lieutenant Governor serves as President of the Texas Senate.

The Executive Branch

One must be at least 30 years old to be elected governor of Texas.

The Executive Branch

The governor of Texas may serve an unlimited number of terms.

The Executive Branch

With the consent of the Senate, the governor appoints members of state agencies.

The Executive Branch

The Governor has the power to approve or veto laws.

The Executive Branch

The Governor is the Commander in Chief of the state’s military forces.