Introduction

THE REPUBLIC OF TEXAS
1836-1845

THE BIG QUESTION:
Why did Texas go from
An Independent Nation TO An American State
The Constitutional Convention
1836

THE FIRST REPUBLIC OF TEXAS ELECTION
September 5th, 1836

PRESIDENT
Houston 5,119
Austin 587

V.PRESIDENT
Lamar unanimous

ANNEXATION
3277-251 IN FAVOR

1st ANNEXATION ATTEMPT

U.S. President
Andrew Jackson

Texas Minister
Anson Jones

TWO MAIN ISSUES
SLAVERY
RELATIONS WITH MEXICO
CHANGING DEMOGRAPHICS

THE RISE OF THE NATIONALISTS

HOUSTON

LAMAR

THE NATIONALIST AGENDA

1. Expand Texas Westward to the Pacific Ocean
2. War with Mexico
3. Expulsion of Indian Tribes
4. Obtain Recognition and Money from Europe
THE CAPITAL MOVES TO AUSTIN

Houston 7,915

Burnet 3,619

THE NATIONALIST AGENDA CRUMBLES

Houston returns to power

Autumn, 1841
Mexico Invades

Antonio Lopez De Santa Ana

City of San Antonio

THE REVIVAL OF THE NATIONALISTS

The Snively Affair, Spring 1842

British Negotiate Texas-Mexico Peace, 1843

Rejection of Annexation Petition, June 1844

ELECTION OF 1844

Anson Jones

Edward Burleson

Anson Jones
7,037

Edward Burleson
5,668
THREE CHOICES

- Second War for Independence
- British Economic Colony
- Join the United States

ANNEXATION

Popular Vote
October 13, 1845

Texas Joins United States
December 31, 1845

CONCLUSION